LORENZO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Lorenzo Independent School District Name of School District <u>Crosby</u> County 054-902 . Co.- Dist Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above named school district were reviewed and v approved disapproved (check one) for the year ended June 30, 2017 at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district on the <u>18th</u> day of <u>September</u>, 2017.

Signature of Board Secretary

Signature of Board President

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are):

(attach list as necessary):

FINANCIAL SECTION

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

4216 102nd P.O. Box 93550 Lubbock, TX 79493-3550

Randel J. Terry, CPA Ryan R. King, CPA

Telephone - (806) 698-8858 - Fax - (866) 288-6490

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Trustees Lorenzo Independent School District P.O. Box 520 Lorenzo, Texas 79343

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lorenzo Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

-2-Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants



Independent Auditors' Report Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lorenzo Independent School District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lorenzo Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying other schedules listed in the table of contents as Other Supplementary Information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

This information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information, except for that portion marked "unaudited" on which we express no opinion, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Fund Balance and Cash Flow Calculation Worksheet-General Fund has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Independent Auditors' Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 12, 2017, on our consideration of the Lorenzo Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Lorenzo Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Jerry & King

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C. Lubbock, Texas September 12, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Lorenzo Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$5,298,117 at June 30, 2017.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$175,663 more than the \$6,100,752 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs decreased \$385,990 or 6%, and no new programs were added this year.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$2,817,176.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—*management's discussion and analysis* (this section), the *basic financial statements, and required supplementary information.* The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Fiduciary fund* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee or agent* for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1F, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report

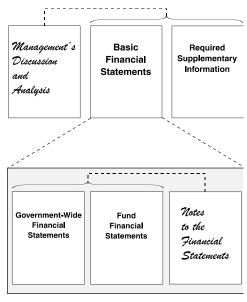




Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

. . .

	Fund Statements			
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds	
Scope	Entire Agency's government (except fiduciary funds) and the Agency's component units	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Instances in which the district is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources	
	• Statement of net assets	Balance sheet	 Statement of fiduciary net assets 	
Required financial statements	• Statement of activities	 Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances 	• Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets	
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilitics, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can	
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on

 (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances
 left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a
 detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can
 be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass
 the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the
 bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or
 differences) between them.
- *Fiduciary funds*—The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net position. The District's combined net position was \$5,298,117 at June 30, 2017. (See Table A-1).

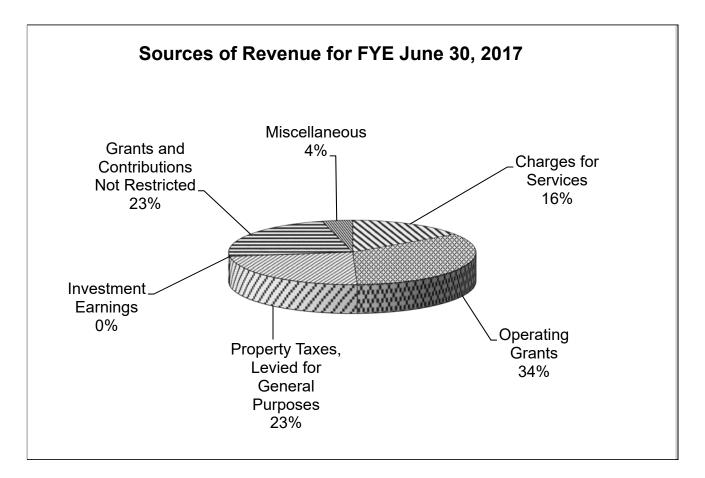
Table A-1
Lorenzo Independent School District's Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	Percentage Change		
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	2,378,232	2,378,351	0%		
Due from other governments	637,100	660,476	-4%		
Taxes Receivable, net	36,887	40,753	-9%		
Interfund Balances	9,571	9,571	0%		
Other Receivables	-	48,000	-100%		
Total current assets:	3,061,790	3,137,151	-2%		
Noncurrent assets:					
Land	230,500	230,500	0%		
Buildings & Improvements	7,368,061	7,368,061	0%		
Less accumulated depreciation,					
buildings & improvements	(4,167,673)	(3,967,262)	5%		
Vehicles	1,022,508	893,883	14%		
Less accumulated depreciation,					
vehicles	(832,229)	(796,485)	4%		
Furniture & Equipment	1,416,737	1,411,488	0%		
Less accumulated depreciation,					
furniture & equipment	(1,326,647)	(1,275,137)	4%		
Total noncurrent assets	3,711,257	3,865,048	-4%		
Total Assets	6,773,047	7,002,199	-3%		
Deferred Outflows - Pension	474,623	769,422	-38%		
Current liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	40,362	64,166	-37%		
Due to Other Governments	40,302	20,365	-100%		
Unearned Revenue	- 167,365	259,394	-35%		
Total current liabilities	207,727	343,925	-40%		
Long-term liabilities:	201,121	343,923	-40 /0		
Net Pension Liability	1,572,683	1,607,976	-2%		
Total long-term liabilities	1,572,683	1,607,976	-2%		
Total Liabilities	1,780,410	1,951,901	-9%		
	1,700,410	1,951,901	-970		
Deferred Inflows - Pension	169,143	345,940	-51%		
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets	3,711,257	3,865,048	-4%		
Unrestricted	1,586,860	1,608,732	-4 %		
Total Net Position	5,298,117	5,473,780	-3%		
	0,200,117	0,710,100	-070		

The \$1,586,860 of unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

Changes in net position. The District's total revenues were \$6,100,752. A significant portion, 23 percent, of the District's revenue comes from taxes. (See Figure A-3.) 57 percent comes from state aid and operating grants, 15 percent comes from charges for services, while 5 percent relates to other revenues.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$6,276,415; 53 percent of these costs are for instruction.





Governmental Activities

• Property tax rates remained the same at \$1.0271 per \$100 value. Values decreased 28% resulting in a decrease of tax revenues collected this year from \$1,925,683 in the year ending June 30, 2016 to \$1,402,093 in FYE 2017. The tax levy decreased from \$1,938,120 in the prior period to \$1,387,238 in the current period.

Table A-2 Changes in Lorenzo Independent School District's Net Position

		Governmental Activities	Demonstration
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	Percentage Change
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	945,444	37,395	2428%
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,070,672	3,019,942	-31%
General Revenues:))-	-,,-	
Property Taxes	1,421,452	1,970,540	-28%
Grants and Contributions not restricted	1,392,116	1,125,108	24%
Investment Earnings	27,570	18,397	50%
Other	243,498	604,396	-60%
Total Revenues	6,100,752	6,775,778	-10%
Instruction	3,318,847	3,622,891	-8%
Instructional Resources and			
Media Services	27,321	28,144	-3%
Curriculum Development and			
Instructional Staff Development	82,122	68,801	19%
Instructional Leadership	262,879	310,383	-15%
School Leadership	263,694	257,982	2%
Guidance, Counseling and			/
Evaluation Services	290,275	298,127	-3%
Health Services	47,646	39,862	20%
Student (Pupil) Transportation	304,186	227,497	34%
Food Services	329,033	330,357	0%
Curricular/Extracurricular	100,100	100.001	201
Activities	163,126	160,204	2%
General Administration	426,116	512,703	-17%
Plant Maintenance & Operation	427,336	446,645	-4%
Security & Monitoring Services	7,495	9,487	-21%
Data Processing Services	87,526	87,143	0%
Community Services	64,326	56,176	15%
Payments to Shared Service Arrangements	132,026	153,307	-14%
Other Intergovernmental Charges	42,461	52,696	-19%
Total Expenses	6,276,415	6,662,405	-6%
Execce (Deficiency) Pofero			
Excess (Deficiency) Before Other Resources, Uses	(175,663)	113,373	-255%
Other Resources, Oses	(175,005)	113,373	-20070
Other Resources (Uses)	-	-	0%
Increase (Decrease) in			
Net Position	(175,663)	113,373	-255%
	(175,005)	113,373	-200/0
Net Position - Beginning	5,473,780	5,360,407	2%
Net Position - Ending	5,298,117	5,473,780	-3%
Herrie Collier Ending	0,200,117	0,110,100	070

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$6,276,415.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was only \$1,421,452.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs \$945,444.
- By grants and contributions \$3,462,788.

Table A-3 Net Cost of Selected District Functions

	Total Cost of Services		% Change	6 Change Net Cost of Services		% Change	
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>		
Instruction	3,318,847	3,662,891	(9%)	1,676,580	1,849,316	(9%)	
School administration	426,116	512,703	(17%)	263,286	311,379	(15%)	
Plant Maintenance & Operations	427,336	446,645	(4%)	385,575	381,883	1%	
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation	290,275	298,127	(3%)	93,564	86,802	8%	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$6,104,618, which decreased 8% from the preceding year. Local revenues decreased \$917,824 (26%), revenues from state programs increased \$221,799 (16%), and revenues from federal programs increased \$104,124 (8%).

General Fund expenditures decreased \$470,376, or 7%. In the previous year, the District spent \$334,504 for capital expenditures. In the current year, the District spent \$133,874 on capital expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget 3 times. Even with these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$60,221 below final budget amounts.

On the other hand, resources available were \$1,361 above the final budgeted amount.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2017, the District had invested \$10,037,806 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$133,874 or 1% percent over last year.

Table A-4

District's Capital Assets

			Total
	Governm	nental	Percentage
	Activit	ies	Change
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	2016-2017
Land	\$ 230,500	\$ 230,500	0%
Buildings and improvements	7,368,061	7,368,061	0%
Vehicles	1,022,508	893,883	14%
Equipment	1,416,737	1,411,488	0%
Totals at historical cost	10,037,806	9,903,932	1%
Total accumulated depreciation	(6,326,549)	(6,038,884)	(5%)
Net capital assets	\$ 3,711,257	\$ 3,865,048	(4%)

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt Administration

The District does not current have any long-term debt.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Appraised value used for the 2018 budget preparation is lower.
- General operating fund spending per student will remain constant.
- The District's 2018 refined average daily attendance is expected to be basically the same.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2018. Property taxes will decrease. State revenue will increase due to decreased property taxes.

If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary general fund fund balance is expected to decrease slightly by the close of 2018.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Services Department.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT A-1

LORENZO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Lorenzo, Texas

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

Data Contro Codes		Governmental Activities
1110 1225 1240 1260 1290	ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Taxes Receivable, Net Due from Other Governments Interfund Balances Other Receivables	\$ 2,378,232 36,887 637,100 9,571
1510 1520 1530	Capital Assets: Land Buildings and Improvements, net Furniture and Equipment, net	230,500 3,200,388
1000	Total Assets	\$ 6,773,047
1705	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows - Pension <u>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>\$ 474,623</u> <u>\$ 474,623</u>
2110 2180 2300 2540 2000	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Governments Unearned Revenue Noncurrent Liabilities: Net Pension Liability <u>Total Liabilities</u>	\$ 40,362 - 167,365 <u>1,572,683</u> <u>1,780,410</u>
2605	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows - Pension <u>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	<u>\$ 169,143</u> <u>\$ 169,143</u>
3200 3900 3000	NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted <u>TOTAL NET POSITION</u>	3,711,257 1,586,860 \$5,298,117

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

1

EXHIBIT B-1

-15-

LORENZO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Lorenzo, Texas

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2017

Data		1	3 Program	4 Revenues	Not (Evennes)
			Piogram		Net (Expense)
Control			Charges for	Operating Grants and	Revenue and
Codoc	Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Contributions	Changes in Net Position
Codes	-	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Net FUSILION
4.4	Government Activities:	¢ 0.040.047		¢ 4 400 440	
11 12	Instruction and Instruction-Related Services	\$ 3,318,847	\$ 503,854	\$ 1,138,413	\$ (1,676,580)
	Instructional Resources and Media Services	27,321	-	1,332	(25,989)
13	Curriculum Development and Instructional	00 100	9 055	EG 272	(17 604)
01	Staff Development	82,122	8,055	56,373	(17,694)
21 23	Instructional Leadership School Leadership	262,879 263,694	180,325	70,463 13,689	(12,091)
23 31	•		-	,	(250,005)
33	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services Health Services	290,275 47,646	28,274 3,025	168,437 2,624	(93,564)
33 34		,	3,025		(41,997)
34 35	Student (Pupil) Transportation Food Services	304,186	, -	138,229	(43,706)
35 36	Extracurricular Activities	329,033	7,029	268,204	(53,800)
30 41	General Administration	163,126 426,116	12,596 32,481	1,886 130,349	(148,644) (263,286)
51	Plant Maintenance and Operations	420,110	28,691	130,349	(385,575)
52	Security and Monitoring Services	7,495	4.563	13,070	(385,575) (2,932)
52 53	Data Processing	87,526	4,303	- 5,076	(68,150)
55 61	Community Services	64,326	14,300	62,527	(08,150) (1,799)
72	Interest on Long-Term Debt	04,320	-	02,527	(1,799)
93	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements	- 132,026	-	-	- (132,026)
93 99	Other Intergovernmental Charges	42,461	-	-	(132,020)
TG			045 444	2 070 672	
	Total Government Activities	6,276,415	945,444	2,070,672	(3,260,299)
TP	Total Primary Government	6,276,415	945,444	2,070,672	(3,260,299)
	General Revenues:				
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for Ge	neral Purposes			1,421,452
IE	Investment Earnings				27,570
GC	Grants and Contributions Not I	Restricted to Spe	ecific Programs	5	1,392,116
MI	Miscellaneous				243,498
TR	Total General Revenue				3,084,636
CN	Change in Net Position				(175,663)
	N. (Destition - Destination				F 470 700
NB	Net Position Beginning				5,473,780
NE	Net Position Ending				<u>\$ 5,298,117</u>

EXHIBIT C-1

LORENZO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Lorenzo, Texas

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

Data Control Codes	-	10 General Fund	IDEA-B	Special Education	Other Governmental Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds
1110 1225 1240 1260 1290	ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Taxes Receivable, Net Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds Other Receivables	\$ 2,157,348 36,887 592,024 102,533	\$ - - - - -	\$ 220,884 - 42,923 - -	\$ - 2,153 -	\$ 2,378,232 36,887 637,100 102,533
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,888,792	\$-	\$ 263,807	\$ 2,153	<u>\$ 3,154,752</u>
2110 2170 2180 2300 2000 2600	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments Unearned Revenue <u>Total Liabilities</u> DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$ 34,729 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$5,633 90,809 - 167,365 263,807	\$ - 2,153 - 2,153	\$ 40,362 92,962
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	36,887				36,887
3510 3600 3000	FUND BALANCES: Committed Fund Balances: Construction Unassigned <u>Total Fund Balance</u>	750,000 				750,000 2,067,176 2,817,176
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 2,888,792</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 263,807</u>	<u>\$ 2,153</u>	<u>\$ 3,154,752</u>

EXHIBIT C-1R

LORENZO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Lorenzo, Texas

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

Tota	al Fund Balances Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	\$	2,817,176
	nounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (A-1) e different because:		
1	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		3,711,257
2	Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are unearned in the funds.		36,887
3	Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$1,572,66 a deferred resource inflow related to TRS in the amount of \$169,143, and a deferred resource outflow related to TRS in the amount of \$474,623. This result in a decrease in net position by \$1,267,203	83,	(1,267,203)
Net	Position of Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position	\$	5,298,117

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LORENZO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Lorenzo, Texas

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES--GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2017

Data		10			Other	98 Tatal
Data Control		General		Special	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Codes	_	Fund	IDEA-B	Education	Funds	Funds
	REVENUES:					
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 1,729,280	\$-	\$ 912,551	\$-	\$ 2,641,831
5800	State Program Revenues	1,503,676	-	46,860	45,669	1,596,205
5900	Federal Program Revenues	290,122	694,278	431,455	450,727	1,866,582
5020	Total Revenues	3,523,078	694,278	1,390,866	496,396	6,104,618
	EXPENDITURES:					
	Current:					
0011	Instruction and Instruction-Related Services	1,595,861	500,283	654,600	354,997	3,105,741
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	25,829	-	-	-	25,829
0013	Curriculum Development and Instructional Staff Development	11,200	56,373	8,055	-	75,628
0021	Instructional Leadership	4,315	8,240	180,325	52,922	245,802
0023	School Leadership	247,454	-	-	-	247,454
0031	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	77,324	128,552	28,274	35,577	269,727
0033	Health Services	42,101	-	3,025	-	45,126
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	158,429	830	250,876	-	410,135
0035	Food Services	309,229	-	-	-	309,229
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	154,040	-	609	-	154,649
0041	General Administration	257,222	-	142,640	10,419	410,281
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	396,762	-	12,791	-	409,553
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	2,931	-	4,563	-	7,494
0053	Data Processing Services	71,954	-	14,299	-	86,253
0061	Community Services	-	-	-	62,527	62,527
0081	Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-
0093	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements	132,026	-	-	-	132,026
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	42,461	-	-	-	42,461
6030	Total Expenditures	3,529,138	694,278	1,300,057	516,442	6,039,915
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)					
1100	Expenditures	(6,060)	-	90,809	(20,046)	64,703
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):					
7915	Operating Transfers In	90.809			20,046	110,855
8911	Operating Transfers Out	,	-	-	20,040	,
0911		(20,046)		(90,809)		(110,855)
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	70,763		(90,809)	20,046	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	64,703	-	-	-	64,703
0100	Fund Balances Beginning	2,752,473				2,752,473
3000	Fund Balances Ending	\$ 2,817,176	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,817,176

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LORENZO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Lorenzo, Texas

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds		64,703
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities ("SOA") are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital outlays during the current period.		133,874
The depreciation of capital assets is not reported in the funds. This is the amount of current depreciation on these assets.		(287,665)
Certain property tax revenues are unavailable in the funds. These are the amounts that have not been collected and are therefore do not provide current financial resources. This is the amount that these accounts changed during the current period.		(3,866)
The implementation of GASB 68 required thata certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource inflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/16 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$106,913. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in net pension liability for the District. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$112,061. The District's proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pensior expense decreased the change in net position by \$77,561. The net result is tc decrease the change in net position by \$82,709.		(82,709)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities Statement of Activities	\$	(175,663)

EXHIBIT E-1

LORENZO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Lorenzo, Texas

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2017

	AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$ 69,389</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 69,389</u>
LIABILITIES: Due to Student Groups Due to Other Funds	\$
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$ 69,389</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year Ended June 30, 2017

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Lorenzo Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statue to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as revised by GASB Statement No. 39, and there are no component units included within the reporting entity.

- 2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting
 - a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non exchange transactions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 2 Year Ended June 30, 2017

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all of taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

IDEA-B: This is the District's fund for reporting the revenues and expenditures for the IDEA-B federal program for special education.

Special Education: This is the District's fund for the shared services arrangement with other member school districts for the purpose of serving students with special needs.

Annual budgets for the General Fund, IDEA-B Fund, and Special Education Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds: These funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or committed for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal financial assistance generally is accounted for in a special revenue fund. Any unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specific project periods. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 3 Year Ended June 30, 2017

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support the District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, the revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Grant funds are considered earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 4 Year Ended June 30, 2017

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

c. Fund Balance Classification

<u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District does not have any restricted fund balance.

<u>Committed</u>: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed.

<u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 5 Year Ended June 30, 2017

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

d. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

- 3. Financial Statement Amounts
 - a. Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on assessed value listed as of the prior January 1st for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1st of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1st of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General Fund are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. As of June 30, 2017, the amount deemed uncollectible by this estimate was \$67,906. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

Certain payments to vendors reflect the cost applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 6 Year Ended June 30, 2017

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

d. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	5-15
Office Equipment and	
Furniture	3-15
Computer Equipment	3

e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of the period end.

f. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District current has one item which qualifies for reporting in this category.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 7 Year Ended June 30, 2017

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District currently has one type of item which arises under the modified accrual basis of accounting and one type of item that qualifies under the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, unavailable ad valorem tax revenue is only reported in the governmental funds balance sheet; and deferred inflows related to pensions is only reported in the government-wide statement of net position. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period when the amounts become available.

g. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line on the government-wide statement of net position.

h. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. This includes capital leases payable.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount debt issued as other financing sources. Principal payments on related debt are reported as expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 8 Year Ended June 30, 2017

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

i. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

j. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The Texas Education Agency requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a Statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

B. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

1. Budgetary Information

Formal budgetary accounting is employed for all required Governmental Fund Types, as outlined in TEA's Financial Accounting and Reporting module, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared and controlled at the function level within each organization to which responsibility for controlling operations is assigned.

The official school budget is prepared for adoption for required Governmental Fund Types prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year for the subsequent fiscal year beginning July 1. The budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a public meeting held at least ten days after public notice has been given.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund and the Child Nutrition Fund (which is included in the General Fund). The remaining special revenue funds adopt project-length budgets that do not correspond to the District's fiscal year. Each annual budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting that is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 9 Year Ended June 30, 2017

B. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (continued)

2. Fair Value Measurements

The District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. Fair value accounting requires characterization of the inputs used to measure fair value into a three-level fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1 inputs are based on unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market the entity has the ability to access.

Level 2 inputs are observable inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent from the entity.

Level 3 inputs are observable inputs that reflect the entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available.

There are three general valuation techniques that may be used to measure fair value:

Market approach – uses prices generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities.

Cost approach – uses the amount that currently would be required to replace the service capacity of an asset (replacement cost).

Income approach – uses valuation techniques to convert future amounts to present amounts based on current market expectations.

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 72 did not have a significant impact on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017.

C. Deposits and Investments

Under Texas state law, the District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect the District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") Insurance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 10 Year Ended June 30, 2017

C. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Cash Deposits

At June 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$2,503,950 and the bank balance was \$2,825,597. The District's cash deposits at June 30, 2017 and throughout the fiscal year were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

Investments

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principle and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports an establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

State statutes and Board policy authorize the District to invest in 1) obligations of the U.S. or its agencies and instrumentalities; 2) obligations of state, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent; 3) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state or national banks domiciled in Texas; 4) obligations of the state of Texas or its agencies; 5) other obligations guaranteed by the U.S. or the state of Texas or their agencies and instrumentalities; 6) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; and 7) public funds investment pools. Temporary investments are reported at cost, which approximates market, and are secured, when necessary, by the FDIC or obligations of items 1-4 above at 101% of the investment's market value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 11 Year Ended June 30, 2017

C. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The District's investments at June 30, 2017 included certificates of deposit in the amount of \$1,700,000 and investment pools in the amount of \$595,915.

Investment Pool	Account Name	Fund Rating (Standard & Poor's)	Maturity	<u>Amount</u>
Lone Star –COF Lone Star - COF	General Fund EPEC SSA	AAAm AAAm	Wtd Avg Maturity 43 days Wtd Avg Maturity 43 days	\$ 439,184 <u>156,731</u> <u>\$ 595,915</u>

Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of now lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Lone Star

The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the board of trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAA by Standard and Poor's and

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 12 Year Ended June 30, 2017

C. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The District is invested in the Corporate Overnight Fund of Lone Star which seeks to maintain a net asset value of one dollar. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government and Corporate Overnight maintain a net asset value of one dollar and the Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net asset value of 50 cents.

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end as if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 13 Year Ended June 30, 2017

C. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interestearning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 14 Year Ended June 30, 2017

D. Interfund Balances and Activities

Interfund balances at June 30, 2017 consisted of the following individual fund balances:

Fund	Due from Other Funds	Due to <u>Other Funds</u>
<u>General Fund:</u> Agency Funds IDEA-B Fund Special Education Fund Special Revenue Funds <u>Total General Fund</u>	\$ 9,571 - 90,809 <u>2,153</u> 102,533	<u>\$</u>
<u>Special Education Fund:</u> General Fund		90,809
Special Revenue Funds: General Fund		2,153
<u>Agency Fund:</u> General Fund <u>Total</u>	<u>-</u> <u>\$ 102,533</u>	<u>9,571</u> <u>\$ 102,533</u>

These interfund receivables and payables were recorded to eliminate cash flow deficits of various funds and to report interfund balances not paid as of year-end. All balances are expected to be paid within one year.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

<u> </u>	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Special Education Fund Special Revenue Fund	\$ 90,809 	<u>\$ 20,046</u>
Special Education Fund: General Fund		90,809
<u>Special Revenue Funds:</u> General Fund <u>Total</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> <u>\$ 110,855</u>

These interfund transfers were to report interfund reimbursements for expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 15 Year Ended June 30, 2017

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the period ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

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Government Activities	Balance <u>07/01/16</u>	Additions	Deletions/ Reclassifications	Balance <u>06/30/17</u>
Land Buildings & Improvements Vehicles Furniture & Equipment Total Capital Assets	\$230,500 7,368,061 893,883 <u>1,411,488</u> 9,903,932	\$ - - 128,625 <u>5,249</u> 133,874	\$ - - - - -	\$ 230,500 7,368,061 1,022,508 <u>1,416,737</u> 10,037,806
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Vehicles 796,485 35,74 Furniture & Equipment 1,275,136 51,54 Total Accum. Depreciation 6,038,884 287,66		200,410 35,744 <u>51,511</u> 287,665 <u>\$ (153,791)</u>	- - - - \$	4,167,673 832,229 <u>1,326,647</u> <u>6,326,549</u> <u>\$ 3,711,257</u>
Depreciation was charges to functions as follows: 11-Instructions 12-Instructional Resources & Media Services 13-Curriculum Development 21-Instructional Leadership 23-School Leadership 31-Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services 33-Health Services 34-Student (Pupil) Transportation 35-Food Service 36-Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities			\$ 160,187 1,332 3,901 12,678 12,763 13,912 2,171 21,154 15,949 7,976	

14,518

<u>21,124</u> \$ 287,665

41-General Administration 51-Plant Maintenance & Operations

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 16 Year Ended June 30, 2017

F. Short-Term Debt Activity

The District accounts for short-term debts for maintenance purposes through the General Fund. The proceeds from loans are shown in the financial statements as Other Resources.

G. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Government Activities	Balance <u>07/01/16</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance <u>06/30/17</u>
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,607,976	\$ 96,938	\$ 132,231	\$ 1,572,683

H. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/cafr_2016.pdf; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 17 Year Ended June 30, 2017

H. Pension Plan (continued)

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. The 83rd Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2016 and 2017.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 18 Year Ended June 30, 2017

H. Pension Plan (continued)

Contribution Rates

Member	<u>2016</u> 7.2%	<u>2017</u> 7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%
Current Fiscal Year Employer Contribution	S	\$ 127,080
Current Fiscal Year Member Contributions		\$ 266,466
2016 Measurement Year NECE On-behalf Contributions		\$ 170,018

2046

2047

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during the fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 19 Year Ended June 30, 2017

H. Pension Plan (continued)

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.
- 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	8.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	8.00%
Municipal Bond Rate	N/A
Last year ending August 31 in the 2016 to	
2015 projection period (100 years)	2115
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases including inflation	3.5% to 9.5% including inflation
Benefit Changes during the year	None
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are based primarily on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2014 and adopted on September 24, 2015.

6. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 20 Year Ended June 30, 2017

H. Pension Plan (continued)

statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2016 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	4.6%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.8%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.9%	0.7%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.2%	0.1%
Private Equity	13%	7.0%	1.1%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	0.7%	0.1%
Absolute Return	0%	1.8%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	3.0%	0.1%
Cash	1%	-0.2%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	0.9%	0.0%
Real Assets	16%	5.1%	1.1%
Energy and Natural Resources	3%	6.6%	0.2%
Commodities	0%	1.2%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5%	6.7%	0.3%
Inflation Expectations			2.2%
Alpha			1.0%
Total	100%		8.7%

*The Expected Contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the Conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 21 Year Ended June 30, 2017

H. Pension Plan (continued)

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the 2016 Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in <u>Discount Rate (7.0%)</u>	Discount Rate (8.0%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (9.0%)
District's proportionate Share of the net pension			
liability:	\$ 2,433,984	\$ 1,572,683	\$ 842,126

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$1,572,683 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 1,572,683
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	<u>\$ 2,018,088</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,590,771</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2015 thru August 31, 2016.

At August 31, 2016 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0041618% which was an increase of 0.0003871% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2015.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 22 Year Ended June 30, 2017

H. Pension Plan (continued)

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$209,429 and revenue of \$209,429 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2017, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		
Economic experience	\$ 24,659	\$ 46,959
Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$ 47,933	\$ 43,593
Difference between projected and actual		
Investment earnings	\$ 133,171	\$-
Changes in proportion and difference between		
The employer's contributions and the		
Proportionate share of contributions	<u>\$ 161,947</u>	<u>\$ 78,591</u>
Total as of August 31, 2016 measurement da	ate \$ 367,710	\$ 169,143
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the		
measurement date	<u>\$ 106,913</u>	<u>\$ - </u>
Total as of fiscal yeara-end	\$ 474,623	<u>\$ 169,143</u>

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30:</u>	Pension Expense Amount
2018	\$ 31,751
2019	31,751
2020	116,694
2021	25,227
2022	1,862
Thereafter	(8,718)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 23 Year Ended June 30, 2017

I. School District Retiree Health Plan

Plan Description - The District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS Web site under the TRS Publications heading, by calling the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701.

Funding Policy - Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insuance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. Funding for free basic coverage is provided by the program based upon public school district payroll. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. Funding for optional coverage is provided by those participants selecting the optional coverage. Contribution rates and amounts are shown in the table below for fiscal years 2017-2015.

	Contribution Rates and Contribution Amounts									
Active Member				State			School District			
Year	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Rate	<u>Amount</u>		<u>Rate</u>	<u>Amount</u>			
2017	0.65%	\$ 22,733	1.0%	\$ 34,975	(0.55%	\$ 19,236			
2016	0.65%	\$ 23,471	1.0%	\$ 36,108	(0.55%	\$ 19,860			
2015	0.65%	\$ 22,959	1.0%	\$ 35,321	(0.55%	\$ 19,426			

Contribution Rates and Contribution Amounts

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 24 Year Ended June 30, 2017

J. Medicare Part D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to received retiree drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. The District's portion of subsidy reimbursements received by TRS for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$17,001, \$14,579, and \$14,762, respectively.

K. <u>Health Care Coverage</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2017, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$225 per month per employee participating in the plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll deductions to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the licensed insurer is renewable annually, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

L. Property/Casualty Insurance

During the year ended June 30, 2017, Lorenzo ISD participated in the TASB Risk Management Fund's (the Fund's) Property, Liability, and Auto Programs. These programs provide the District with coverage for auto liability, auto physical damage, legal liability, privacy & information security, and property.

These Funds were created and are operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Funds execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Funds purchase stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for the Property Program, Liability Program, and Auto Program. The terms and limits of the stop-loss program vary by line of coverage. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the funds anticipate Lorenzo ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 25 Year Ended June 30, 2017

L. Property/Casualty Insurance (continued)

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2016, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin, TX.

M. Unemployment Compensation Pool

During the year ended June 30, 2017, Lorenzo ISD provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligations to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2016 are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin, Texas.

N. Workers' Compensation Pool

During the year ended June 30, 2017, Lorenzo ISD met its statutory workers' compensation obligations through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Workers' Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members' injured employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 26 Year Ended June 30, 2017

N. Workers' Compensation Pool (continued)

The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$2 million. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. As of August 31, 2016, the Fund carries a discounted reserve of \$51,843,324 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. For the year-ended June 30, 2017, the Fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2016, are available at the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin, Texas.

O. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending or in progress against the District at June 30, 2017.

P. Commitments and Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

Q. Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Vacations are to be taken within the same year they are earned, and any unused days at the end of the year are forfeited. Therefore, no liability for vacation leave has been accrued in the accompanying financial statements. Employees of the District are entitled to sick leave based on category/class of employment. Sick leave is allowed to be accumulated but does not vest. Therefore, a liability for unused sick leave has not been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Page 27 Year Ended June 30, 2017

R. Shared Services Arrangements

The District participates in a shared services arrangement for special education services with the following school districts as the fiscal agent:

Idalou Independent School District Crosbyton Independent School District Lockney Independent School District Ralls Independent School District Petersburg Independent School District

The District, as fiscal agent, is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the member districts. The fiscal agent is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA.

S. Property Tax Abatement

Lorenzo ISD entered into an agreement with Pleasant Hill Wind Energy on October 22, 2012. The agreement was for Pleasant Hill Wind Energy to invest capital of \$37,000,000 on a long-term basis for a valuation limitation of \$10,000,000. For fiscal year 2017, which is year 4 of the agreement, with the M&O tax rate \$1.0271 per \$100, with property valued at \$32,149,574 without considering the limit and \$10,000,000 with the limit. When calculated, the district forgoes collecting \$227,498 in tax revenue; however, that will be offset by the increase in state funding through the FSP funding formula and a possible Revenue Protection Payment. In addition to the tax abatement, Pleasant Hill Wind Energy has committed to pay supplemental payments to the district in the amount of \$100 per ADA.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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LORENZO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Lorenzo, Texas

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Data Control Codes	REVENUES:	 Budgetec Original	l Ar	nounts Final	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 1,723,840	\$	1,723,840	\$ 1,729,280	\$	5,440	
5800	State Program Revenues	1,618,536		1,514,536	1,503,676		(10,860)	
5900	Federal Program Revenues	 238,341		283,341	 290,122		6,781	
5020	Total Revenues	 3,580,717		3,521,717	 3,523,078		1,361	
	EXPENDITURES: Current:							
0011	Instruction	1,666,931		1,616,931	1,595,861		21,070	
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	26,586		26,586	25,829		757	
0013	Curriculum Dev. & Instructional Staff Dev.	8,973		11,723	11,200		523	
0021	Instructional Leadership	4,200		4,350	4,315		35	
0023	School Leadership	247,879		247,879	247,454		425	
0031	Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	71,527		77,527	77,324		203	
0033	Health Services	35,168		42,668	42,101		567	
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	162,714		162,714	158,429		4,285	
0035	Food Services	270,983		310,483	309,229		1,254	
0036	Curricular/Extracurricular Activities	144,290		154,290	154,040		250	
0041	General Administration	275,041		265,764	257,222		8,542	
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	408,851		408,851	396,762		12,089	
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	5,000		5,000	2,931		2,069	
0053	Data Processing Services	71,816		72,566	71,954		612	
0081	Capital Outlay	-		-	-		-	
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member DistSSA	132,027		132,027	132,026		1	
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	 50,000		50,000	 42,461		7,539	
6030	Total Expenditures	 3,581,986	_	3,589,359	 3,529,138		60,221	
7915 8911	Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In	20,642		100,642	90,809		(9,833)	
0911	Operating Transfers Out	 -		(33,000)	 (20,046)		12,954	
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	 20,642		67,642	 70,763		3,121	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	19,373		-	64,703		64,703	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	 2,752,473		2,752,473	 2,752,473		-	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 2,771,846	\$	2,752,473	\$ 2,817,176	\$	64,703	

SSA - SPECIAL EDUCATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Data Control Codes	_		Budgeted Original	l An	nounts Final		Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
5700	REVENUES:	•	007 507	•	044.007	•	040 554	•	4 50 4
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	987,527	\$	911,027	\$	912,551	\$	1,524
5800 5900	State Program Revenue		46,860		46,860		46,860		-
	Federal Program Revenues		150,000		458,000		431,455		(26,545)
5020	Total Revenues		1,184,387		1,415,887		1,390,866		(25,021)
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		627,594		657,594		654,600		2,994
0013	Curriculum Dev. & Instructional Staff Dev		8,150		8,150		8,055		95
0021	Instructional Leadership		187,714		187,714		180,325		7,389
0031	Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services		32,750		32,750		28,274		4,476
0033	Health Services		4,397		4,397		3,025		1,372
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		106,437		253,937		250,876		3,061
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		2,500		2,500		609		1,891
0041	General Administration		182,882		144,882		142,640		2,242
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		12,300		13,300		12,791		509
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		4,800		4,800		4,563		237
0053	Data Processing Services		14,863		14,863		14,299		564
6030	Total Expenditures		1,184,387		1,324,887		1,300,057		24,830
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
8911	Operating Transfers Out		-		(91,000)		(90,809)		191
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)				(91,000)		(90,809)		191
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning								
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Measuren	August 31,	
	2016	2015	2014
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.4161800%	0.0045489%	0.0036948%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,572,683	\$ 1,607,976	\$ 986,931
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District	2,018,088	1,892,043	1,666,460
Total	\$ 3,590,771	\$ 3,500,019	\$ 2,653,391
District's Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 3,602,048	\$ 3,524,858	\$ 3,616,192
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll	43.66%	45.62%	27.29%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

Note: Only two years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

EXHIBIT G-3

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SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	2017	2016	2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 127,080	\$ 132,916	\$ 126,274
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ (127,080)	\$ (132,916)	\$ (126,274)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>
District's Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 3,497,475	\$ 3,610,831	\$ 3,532,107
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	3.63%	3.68%	3.58%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81.2.b requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's current fiscal year as opposed to the time period covered by the measurement date of September 1, 2015 - August 31, 2016.

Note: Only two years of data is presented in accordance with GASB #68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	1	2		3		10	20	31	32	40		50
Last Ten Years Ended June 30	Maintenance	Tax Rates Debt Service		Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes	E	eginning Balance)7/01/16	Current Year's Total Levy	Maintenance Total Collections	Debt Service Total Collections	Entire Year's Adjustment	_	Ending Balance 06/30/17
2008 and	Wallitenance	Dept Service				1/01/10	Total Levy	Collections	Collections	Aujustment	<u> </u>	00/30/17
Prior Years 2009	Various 1.01070	Various 	Various 1.01070	 118,718,809	\$	25,725 3,205	\$	\$ 1,068 739	-	(38	3)	2,428
2010	1.01710		1.01710	122,666,503		3,159	-	396	-	(6		2,757
2011	1.01720		1.01720	139,591,150		3,665	-	532	-	(6		3,127
2012	1.01720		1.01720	168,439,442		5,612	-	1,687	-	(57	7)	3,868
2013	1.02710		1.02710	181,457,210		6,402	-	1,388	-	(59))	4,955
2014	1.02710		1.02710	181,184,403		8,430	-	1,466	-	(59	9)	6,905
2015	1.00710		1.00710	229,096,217		17,398	-	6,243	-	(57	7)	11,098
2016	1.02710		1.02710	188,698,277		39,152	-	25,157	-	(580))	13,415
2017-School Year												
Under Audit	1.02710		1.02710	135,063,577			1,387,238	1,363,417		8,997		32,818
1000	TOTALS				\$	112,748	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 1,402,093</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$6,900</u>	<u>)</u>	104,793

Columns 10 + 20 - 30 - 30a + 40 Equals Column 50

Column 3 - Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes: This is the net appraised value, after deductions of all exemptions, tax freeze amounts and reductions provided by law and those granted by the district, based on maintenance requirements.

Column 20 - Current Year's Levy: This amount is calculated by multiplying tax rate(s) times the applicable Assessed/Appraised Value(s) in Column 3.

Columns 30 and 30a -	These are the total collections net of adjustments described in Column 40, according to each year of tax levy, and do NOT include penalties and interest.
Column 40 -	Entire Year's Adjustments: Total adjustments include corrections for errors in taxes assessed, taxes lost due to tax freeze and discounts allowed for early payment of taxes.
Column 50 -	Ending Balance 6/30/17

EXHIBIT J-1

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LORENZO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Lorenzo, Texas

FUND BALANCE AND CASH FLOW CALCULATION WORKSHEET GENERAL FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

		r
Data Control		
Code	Explanation	Amount
0000		, anound
1	Total General Fund Balance 6/30/17 (Exhibit C-1 object 3000 for the General Fund Only)	\$ 2,817,176
2	Total General Fund Nonspendable Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 341X-344X for the General Fund Only)	t
3	Total General Fund Restricted Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 total of object 345X-349X for the General Fund only)	
4	Total General Fund Committed Fund Balance (from Exhibit C- total of object 351X-354X for the General Fund only)	1 750,000
5	Total General Fund Assigned Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1- total of object 355X-359X for the General Fund only)	
6	Estimated amount needed to cover fall cash flow deficits in General Fund (net of borrowed funds and funds representing deferred revenues)	1,117,560
7	Estimate of two month's average cash disbursements during the fiscal year.	784,253
8	Estimate of delayed payments from state sources (58XX)	250,000
9	Estimate of underpayment from state sources equal to variance between Legislative Payment Estimate (LPE) and District Planning Estimate (DPE) or District's calculated earned state aid amount	e
10	Estimate of delayed payments from federal sources (59XX)	36,000
11	Estimate of expenditures to be reimbursed to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund (uses of General Fund cash after bond referendum and prior to issuance of bonds)	
12	Optimum Fund Balance and Cash Flow (2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 6 + 7 + 8 + 9)	\$ 2,937,813
13	Excess/(Deficit) Undesignated Unreserved General Fund Fund Balance (1 - 10)	\$ (120,637)
	If item 11 is a positive number Explanation of need for and/or projected use of net positive	

Explanation of need for and/or projected use of net positive Undesignated Unreserved General Fund Fund Balance

(UNAUDITED)

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

4216 102nd P.O. Box 93550 Lubbock, TX 79493-3550

Randel J. Terry, CPA Ryan R. King, CPA

Telephone - (806) 698-8858 – Fax – (866) 288-6490

Independent Auditors' Report

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Lorenzo Independent School District P.O. Box 520 Lorenzo, TX 79343

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lorenzo Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lorenzo Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 12, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Lorenzo Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lorenzo Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants



Independent Auditors' Report Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Lorenzo Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Jerry & King

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C. Lubbock, Texas September 12, 2017

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C.

4216 102nd P.O. Box 93550 Lubbock, TX 79493-3550

Randel J. Terry, CPA Ryan R. King, CPA

Telephone - (806) 698-8858 - Fax - (866) 288-6490

Independent Auditors' Report

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Lorenzo Independent School District P.O. Box 520 Lorenzo, Texas 79343

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Lorenzo Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. Lorenzo Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Lorenzo Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Lorenzo Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.



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Independent Auditors' Report Page 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Lorenzo Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Lorenzo Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lorenzo Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a rederal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Jerry & King

Terry & King, CPAs, P.C. Lubbock, Texas September 12, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

A. <u>Summary of Auditors' Results</u>1. Financial Statements

Β.

NONE

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

1.	Financial Statements		
	Type of auditor's report issued:	Unqualified	
	Internal control over financial reporting:		
	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
	Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	<u>X</u> None Reported
	Noncompliance material to financial Statements noted?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
2.	Federal Awards Internal control over major programs:		
	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
	Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X_None Reported
	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unqualified	
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required To be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	Yes	<u>X</u> No
	Identification of major programs: <u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 84.027 84.173	<u>Name of Federal Program or</u> IDEA-B Formula IDEA-B Preschool	
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	<u>\$750,000</u>	
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>X</u> Yes No	
<u>Fin</u>	ancial Statement Findings		
NO	NE		

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SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Management's ExplanationFindings/RecommendationCurrent Statusif Not Implemented

Not Applicable - None

> CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Not Applicable – None Required

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

(1)	(2)	(2A) Pass-Through	(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	ntor/ Federal Entity Grantor/ CFDA Identifying		Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
ESEA Title 1, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	17610101054902	154,358
ESEA Title 1, Part C - Migratory Children	84.011A	17615001054902	189,795
IDEA-B Formula* IDEA-B Preschool* Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)		176600010549026600 176610010549026610	694,278 22,347 716,625
ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training	84.367A	17694501054902	26,524
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,087,302
<u>U.S. Department of Health and Human Service</u> s Direct Program: Early Childhood Intervention/DEBT Medicare/Medicaid Reimbursement	93.558 93.778	N/A N/A	30,467 453,373
Passed Through South Plains Community Action Association: Headstart	93.600	16/17-H-5487	12.383
Headstart	93.600	17/18-H-5487	14,853
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			511,076
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture</u> Passed Through State Department of Education:			
National School Lunch Program* School Breakfast Program*	10.555 10.553	71301601 71401601	153,644 98,316
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			251,960
Direct Program: Commodity Supplemental Food Program* Total Food Distribution Cluster	10.565	N/A	<u> 16,244</u> 16,244
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			268,204
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,866,582

* - Indicates a cluster program under Uniform Guidance.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Lorenzo Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

EXHIBIT L-1

LORENZO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT Lorenzo, Texas

SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?	Yes
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?	Yes
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	N/A
SF11	Net Pension Assets (1920) at fiscal year-end.	\$ -
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (2540) at fiscal year-end.	\$ 1,572,683
SF13	Pension Expense (6147) at fiscal year-end.	